

Grade 5 | Module 5



Topic: Solve problems involving dividing by fractions

Module 5 Resources

Students divide whole numbers by fractions and fractions by whole numbers. Use models and symbols to divide whole numbers by unit fractions. Explore the relationship between multiplying and dividing fractions.

Module 5 at a Glance

Printed Resources

- Bookmarks
 - Problem Solving Process Bookmark
 - Problem Solving Facilitation Bookmark
- Grades 3–5 Table Game Directions
 - Sudoku Puzzles
 - Traffic Lights Tic-Tac-Toe (optional)
 - Dara (optional)
 - Equivalent Fraction Concentration (optional)
 - Multiplication Connect Four (optional)
 - Number Line Fraction Bingo (optional)
 - Final Countdown (optional)
 - Race to 2 (optional)
 - Five for Twenty-Five (optional)

- Problem Solving Journal (pages 26–28)
 - My Thinking Path
 - Problem of the Day
- Design Challenge Station Booklet
 - Page 17–18
- ST Math Immersion Debriefing Bookmark
- Learning Showcase & Celebration Invitation

Optional Printed Resources

- Accomplishments Log
- ST Math Activity Pages
- Post Assessment
- Pre/Post Quizzes

Teacher Resources

- Teacher Planner
- Learning Showcase and Celebration Guide
- Reflection Poster Guide

Immersion Slide Deck (slides 54–60)

• The Immersion Slide Deck is intended to be projected to the class in a whole group setting.

Supplies Needed for Students

- 1 poster board or large sheet of construction paper per student for Reflection Poster.
- Various supplies for Mini-Game Design.

My Thinking Path

• Daily reflection time for students on solving problems involving dividing by fractions

ST Math Puzzle Talks

- Select Peanuts per Elephant
- Select Peanut or Elephant Multiplier

Problem Solving

Day 1:

• **Problem of the Day -** My dog's food comes in 8 pound bags. My dog eats 1/4 of a pound of food each meal. How many meals will one bag of dog food serve?

Day 2:

• **Problem of the Day** - The art teacher had 6 cups of sparkles for an art project. He gave each student in Ms. Clark's class 1/3 of a cup of sparkles to use. How many students are there in Ms. Clark's class?

Thinking and Reflecting Time (whole group)

Students are going to create a <u>Reflection Poster</u> that represents the learning they have gained. The poster should reflect how their thinking and understanding has grown. It should be an opportunity for students to show what they know.

• Work with students to review the thinking they have recorded in their journals (My Thinking Path, Exit Tickets, PODs, ST Math Puzzle Reflection, etc.) and to discuss what they have learned during Immersion.

The Reflection Poster is best done as a small group project because that allows students to engage in higher order thinking skills (e.g., evaluating their learning and the ideas of others, synthesizing their thoughts and the thoughts of others, reaching consensus, and working together). It can be done as an individual project.

Instructional Stations

Students will only have two Instructional Stations this module (20 min in each station). Use this time to give the Post-Assessment and/or Post-Quiz, provide students time to finish their games and Reflection Posters.

Station 1a: Small Group Instruction

• Days 1 & 2: Hand out the Post-Assessment to students. If students finish early, they can sign in and play ST Math puzzles.

Station 1b: Reflection Poster

• Days 3 & 4: Give students time to continue working on their Reflection Poster.

Station 3: Table Games

- Days 1 & 2: Students solve Sudoku puzzles.
- Days 3 & 4: Students play one of the games they have learned.

Station 2: ST Math Puzzles

- Have students sign in and play ST Math puzzles.
- Remind students to use manipulatives and/or paper and pencil to help them solve problems.
- With 5 minutes left, have students stop playing and complete their Accomplishments Log.

Station 4: Design Challenge

• Days 1–4: Students play each other's games, make revisions, and produce the final version.

Day 5: Learning Showcase and Celebration

The <u>Learning Showcase and Celebration</u> occurs on the final day of ST Math Immersion. It will serve as a time for students to showcase their learning. It will also serve as an oral defense as students share their projects and respond to guestions from those attending the event.

- Parents, board members, and community partners can be <u>invited</u> to attend. This is a great opportunity for students to showcase their learning from the Immersion program.
 - Provide students time to make any final adjustments to their game and notes for the presentation of their games.
 - Have groups present their posters and introduce their games to the class.
 - Provide an opportunity for the students to play each other's games.
 - Provide each visitor with a <u>bookmark</u> of questions to ask the students.





My Thinking Path (10 minutes)

- Have students write in the topic, "Solving problems involving dividing by fractions."
- Have students begin working on the first two boxes.
- Discuss their ideas and allow students to add to their paper any additional thoughts they have.
- Have students complete the Pre-Quiz (optional).

Puzzle Talk: Select Peanuts per Elephant (20 minutes)

[®] Focus on student thinking and developing problem solving skills using the Problem Solving Process.

Notice and Wonder

• Display the first puzzle in Level 1. Ask: "What do you notice? What do you wonder? What is known and unknown?" Allow a few students to share out.

Predict and Justify

- Have students make a prediction of how to solve this puzzle.
- Have students share out predictions and strategies.
- Select one of the students' strategies. Ask the students to think about if they agree/disagree with the strategy and why. How does it relate to their own strategy?

Test and Observe

• Try a student's solution, and watch the feedback. Ask students to describe what happened.

Analyze and Learn

- Ask students to think about what they learned from the feedback. How does this affect their strategy?
- Show the next puzzle in Level 1. Ask students: "How could we represent this puzzle with an equation? What is happening in this puzzle?" Work together to write a division equation to represent the puzzle (e.g., If we have 6 peanuts and we want to fair share them with 2 elephants, how many peanuts does 1 elephant eat? 6 \div 2 = 3).
- Ask students: "What does each number in this equation represent?" Repeat with a few other puzzles from Level 1.

Connect and Extend

- Display the first puzzle in Level 2 and ask students: "What do you notice? What is different about this puzzle? How many equal parts has the elephant been partitioned into?"
- Have students discuss what they know in the puzzle and what is unknown with a partner.
- Try a student's solution, and watch the feedback to ask: "How do we know how many peanuts to feed one elephant? Can we write an equation for it?" For example, if the puzzle shows that 4 peanuts feed 1/3 of an elephant, how did students determine how many peanuts are needed to feed 1 elephant? Did they think of 1 as 3/3, so 1/3 + 1/3 + 1/3 = 3/3 and in this puzzle each 1/3 is 4 peanuts, so 4 + 4 + 4 = 12? Make the connection of how multiplication is the opposite of division and determine that 4 ÷ 1/3 = 12 because 12 x 1/3 = 4.
- Repeat with additional puzzles in Level 2.

How does the student:

- determine how many peanuts 1 elephant eats given the number of elephants fed and the total number of peanuts?
- explain their strategy for solving the puzzle?
- represent the puzzle with an equation?
- explain what each number in the equation represents?
- determine if the puzzle represents a whole number divided by a fraction or a whole number divided by a whole number?

Problem Solving (20 minutes)

Engage students in problem solving discussions. Read and discuss the problem, share student work, compare strategies, and make connections.

Problem of the Day

• My dog's food comes in 8 pound bags. My dog eats 1/4 of a pound of food each meal. How many meals will one bag of dog food serve?

Instructional Stations (40 minutes)

Students will rotate through the Instructional Stations (20 min each). Use this time to give the Post-Assessment and/or Post-Quiz, provide students time to finish their games.

Station 1: Small Group Instruction

 Hand out the Post-Assessment and/or Post-Quiz to students. If students finish early, they can sign in and play ST Math puzzles.

Station 2: ST Math Puzzles

- Have students sign in and play ST Math puzzles.
- Remind students to use manipulatives and/or paper and pencil to help them solve problems.
- With 5 minutes left, have students stop playing and complete their Accomplishments Log.

Station 3: Table Games

• Have students solve the Sudoku puzzles.

Station 4: Design Challenge

- Have students finish their games and Reflection Posters.
- Have students complete page 17 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet and reflect on the changes to make improvements on their game.
- If students are done, they should be preparing their presentations. Students can use page 18 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet to prepare for their presentations.





My Thinking Path (10 minutes)

• Have students reflect on what they have learned about solving problems involving dividing by fractions. Students should complete the My Thinking Path reflection page in their journal.

Puzzle Talk: Select Peanut or Elephant Multiplier (20 minutes)

- [®] Focus on student thinking and developing problem solving skills using the Problem Solving Process.
- ^a Give students centimeter cubes to use to represent their solutions.

Notice and Wonder

- Display the first puzzle in Level 1. Ask: "What do you notice? What is known in this puzzle? What is unknown? How do you think we solve this puzzle?"
- Discuss what students see on the screen and what they are able to select.
- Allow a few students to share out.

Predict and Justify

- Do a think-pair-share about what they would like to try, what will happen when they try it, and why they think it will work.
- Have students share out their predictions and related strategies
- Select one of the students' strategies. Ask the students to think about if they agree/disagree with the strategy and why. How does it relate to their own strategy?

Test and Observe

Try a student's solution, and watch the feedback. Ask students to describe what happened.

Analyze and Learn

- Ask students to think about what they saw, and if it affects their strategy.
- Show the next puzzle in Level 1, and ask: "What equation can we write? Does this puzzle represent multiplication or division? How do you know?" Work together to write a multiplication equation to represent the puzzle (e.g., If 1 elephant eats 4 peanuts, how many peanuts do 3 elephants eat?).
- Ask students: "What does each number in this equation represent?" Repeat with a few other puzzles from Level 1 until the first puzzle with a fraction.
- Ask students: "How is this puzzle different? What is happening in this puzzle? How could we represent this puzzle with an equation?" (For example, if 1 elephant eats 12 peanuts, how many peanuts does 1/3 elephant eat? 1/3 x 12 = 4 or 12 x 1/3 = 4.) Solve additional puzzles in Level 1.

Connect and Extend

- Display a puzzle from Level 2. Ask students the same questions as above to guide their problem solving process.
- Try a student's solution, and watch the feedback. Say to students, "What is happening in this puzzle? How did you determine how many elephants to select?" (For example, if each elephant eats 5 peanuts and we have 20 peanuts total, how many elephants can we feed? How do you know?)
- Continue to have students work together to write equations to represent each elephant puzzle. Repeat with puzzles in Level 2 until you come to a puzzle with a partitioned elephant.
- Ask students: "How has the puzzle changed? The elephants have been partitioned into how many equal parts? Why?" Compare this puzzle to whole number by whole number division and represent the puzzle with an equation (e.g., $2 \div 3 = 2/3$).

How does the student:

- determine what is known and unknown in the problem?
- explain whether the puzzle represents multiplication or division?
- explain the strategy used to solve the puzzle?
- represent the puzzle with an equation?
- explain what each number in the equation represents?
- discuss the relationship between multiplication and division and the role of the numerator and denominator in determining the solution?

Problem Solving (20 minutes)

Engage students in problem solving discussions. Read and discuss the problem, share student work, compare strategies, and make connections.

Problem of the Day

• The art teacher had 6 cups of sparkles for an art project. He gave each student in Ms. Clark's class 1/3 of a cup of sparkles to use. How many students are there in Ms. Clark's class? (Note: Ms. Clark used all the sparkles.)

Instructional Stations (40 minutes)

Students will rotate through the Instructional Stations (20 min each). Use this time to give the Post-Assessment and/or Post-Quiz, provide students time to finish their games.

Station 1: Small Group Instruction

 Hand out the Post-Assessment and/or Post-Quiz to students. If students finish early, they can sign in and play ST Math puzzles.

Station 2: ST Math Puzzles

- Have students sign in and play ST Math puzzles.
- Remind students to use manipulatives and/or paper and pencil to help them solve problems.
- With 5 minutes left, have students stop playing and complete their Accomplishments Log.

Station 3: Table Games

• Have students solve the Sudoku puzzles.

Station 4: Design Challenge

- Have students finish their games and Reflection Posters.
- Have student complete page 17 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet and reflect on the changes to make improvements on their game.
- If students are done, they should be preparing their presentations. Students can use page 18 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet to prepare for their presentations.





Reflection Poster (30 minutes)

Students are going to create a <u>Reflection Poster</u> that represents the learning they have gained. The poster should reflect how their thinking and understanding has grown. It should be an opportunity for students to show what they know.

- Work with students to review the thinking they have recorded in their journals (My Thinking Path, Exit Tickets, PODs, ST Math Puzzle Reflection, etc.) and to discuss what they have learned during Immersion. Discuss major concepts and vocabulary they learned and used during Immersion.
- Have students add to their journal as you discuss things they have learned but may have not yet included in their journal. This will prepare the students to complete their poster.
- Ask students to work with their group to see what they might want to include on their poster.
- Instruct groups to make their posters colorful, interesting, and informative so students in other classes will see what they have accomplished in the past few modules.
- Give students time to begin working on their posters.
- The posters will be displayed for the entire school and parents to see on Day 5.

The Reflection Poster is best done as a small group project because that allows students to engage in higher order thinking skills (e.g., evaluating their learning and the ideas of others, synthesizing their thoughts and the thoughts of others, reaching consensus, and working together). It can however, be done as an individual project. Have students begin to think about all of the things that they have learned. Then, make a poster to share what they have learned.

Whole Group Table Games (20 minutes)

Take the opportunity to discuss the games that students have learned to play. Compare and contrast the games and share opinions, strategies, and experiences. Discuss the impact any of the games have had on the games students are designing.

- o Race to 2
- Five for Twenty-Five
- Traffic Lights Tic-Tac-Toe
- Dara
- Equivalent Fraction Concentration
- Multiplication Connect Four
- Number Line Fraction Bingo
- Final Countdown
- Sudoku Puzzles

Focused Instructional Time (40 minutes)

Focused Instructional Time

- In this time, they must complete the survey, their game, and their Reflection Poster.
- If everything is completed, they may choose to play their own games, ST Math games, or the board games; or practice their presentations.

Station 1b: Reflection Poster

• Give students time to continue working on their Reflection Poster.

Station 2: ST Math Puzzles

- Have students sign in and play ST Math puzzles.
- Remind students to use manipulatives and/or paper and pencil to help them solve problems.
- With 5 minutes left, have students stop playing and complete their Accomplishments Log.

Station 3: Table Games

- Allow students to choose one of the games they have learned.
- Have students play that game.

Station 4: Design Challenge

- Have students finish their games and Reflection Posters.
- Have student complete page 17 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet and reflect on the changes to make improvements on their game.
- If students are done, they should be preparing their presentations. Students can use page 18 of the Design Challenge Station Booklet to prepare for their presentations.





Focused Instructional Time (45-70 minutes)

Focused Instructional Time

- In this time, they must complete the survey, their game, and their Reflection Poster.
- If everything is completed they may choose to play their own games, ST Math games, or the board games; or practice their presentations.

Station 1b: Reflection Poster

• Give students time to continue working on their Reflection Poster.

Station 2: ST Math Puzzles

- Have students sign in and play ST Math puzzles.
- Remind students to use manipulatives and/or paper and pencil to help them solve problems.
- With 5 minutes left, have students stop playing and complete their Accomplishments Log.

Station 3: Table Games

- Allow students to choose one of the games they have learned.
- Have students play that game.

Station 4: Design Challenge

- Have students finish their games and Reflection Posters.
- Students who finish early can play any of the games they learned at the games station.

Prepare for Tomorrow (10 minutes)

- Discuss what students will need to do tomorrow during the Showcase. Include details about:
 - Organizing games and displays
 - Setting up posters
 - Expectations for the day
- Provide time to practice presentations



Learning Showcase and Celebration (Final Day of Program)

Parents, board members, and community partners can be <u>invited</u> to attend. This is a great opportunity for students to showcase their learning from the Immersion program.

- Provide students time to make any final adjustments to their game and notes for the presentation of their games.
- Have groups present their Reflection Posters and introduce their games to the class.
- Provide invited guests a copy of the <u>Immersion Debriefing Bookmark</u>. They should ask students those questions as they visit with each group.
- Provide an opportunity for the students to play each other's games.
- Reflection Poster Gallery Walk (See Learning Showcase and Celebration Information.)

Optional: ST Math Activity Page

ST Math Activity Page

Students will have one final activity page left in their Activity Pages. Encourage students to keep practicing their math skills by continuing to play ST Math Puzzles at home and by completing this final activity page.

